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$$\nabla^2 V = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial z^2} = 0$$

$$V = XYZ$$

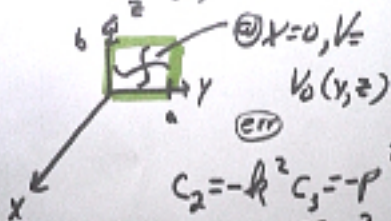
$$Yz \frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial x^2} + Xz \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial y^2} + XY \frac{\partial^2 Z}{\partial z^2} = 0$$

$$\div XYZ$$
$$\frac{1}{X} \frac{d^2 X}{dx^2} + \frac{1}{Y} \frac{d^2 Y}{dy^2} + \frac{1}{Z} \frac{d^2 Z}{dz^2} = 0$$

$C_1 \qquad C_2 \qquad C_3$

$$C_1 + C_2 + C_3 = 0$$

$\sim (-)$



$$C_2 = -k^2 C_3 = -p^2$$

$$C_1 = k^2 + p^2$$

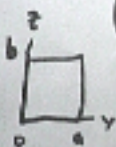
$$V=0 \text{ @ } x=0$$

$$V = XYZ$$

$$V(x, y, z) = \left( A e^{+\sqrt{k^2 + p^2} x} + B e^{-\sqrt{k^2 + p^2} x} \right)$$

$$\left( C \sin(ky) + D \cos(ky) \right)$$

$$\left( E \sin(pz) + F \cos(pz) \right)$$



$$\textcircled{2} z=0 \Rightarrow F=0$$

$$\textcircled{3} y=0 \Rightarrow D=0$$

$$\textcircled{4} x=a, V \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow A=0$$

$$V(x, y, z) = A e^{-\sqrt{k^2 - \alpha^2} z} \sin(ky) \sin(pz)$$

$$\textcircled{a} y = a \quad v = 0 \Rightarrow k a = n \pi$$
$$n = 1, 2, \dots$$

$$k = \frac{n \pi}{a}$$

$$\textcircled{b} z = b \quad v = 0 \Rightarrow p b = m \pi$$

$$p = \frac{m \pi}{b} \quad m = 1, 2, \dots$$

$$A_{nm}$$

$$V(x, y, z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} A_{nm} x e^{-\left[n^2 \frac{\pi^2}{a^2} + m^2 \frac{\pi^2}{b^2}\right]^{1/2} x}$$

$$\sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{a} y\right)$$

$$\sin\left(\frac{m\pi}{b} z\right)$$

$$\ominus x=0: V=V_0(x, y)$$

$$\int_{z=0}^{z=b} \int_{y=0}^{y=a} \oplus \sin\left(\frac{n'\pi}{a} y\right) \sin\left(\frac{m'\pi}{b} z\right) dy dz$$

$$\int_{z=0}^b \sin\left(\frac{m\pi z}{b}\right) dz$$

★ deisy

$$-\frac{b}{m\pi} \cos\left(\frac{m\pi z}{b}\right) \Big|_0^b$$

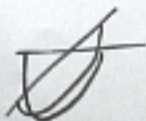
$$m=1 = - \left[ \frac{b}{\pi} (-1)^{\frac{b}{\pi}} \right] \text{ odd}$$

$$m=2 = - \left[ \frac{b}{2\pi} (1) - \frac{b}{2\pi} \right] = 0$$

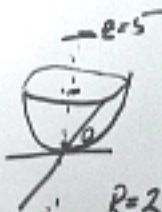
$$A_{nm} = \frac{16V_0}{\pi nm} \quad (n \text{ and } m \text{ odd})$$

$$= 0 \quad (n \text{ or } m \text{ even})$$

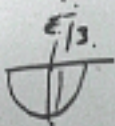
$$e^{-\pi\sqrt{x}}$$



$$\begin{aligned} z &= 2-5 \\ & 2+5 \\ & = 5-2=3 \end{aligned}$$



$$R=2$$



~~V(x,y,z)~~

V(x,y,z)

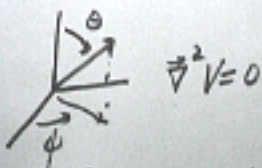
$$= \frac{16V_0}{\pi} \sum_{n=1,3,5}^{\infty} \sum_{m=1,3,5}^{\infty} \left[ \right.$$

$$e^{-\pi \sqrt{\left(\frac{n}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{m}{b}\right)^2} z}$$

$$\left. \begin{matrix} \text{(times)} & \frac{\sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right)}{n} & \frac{\sin\left(\frac{m\pi y}{b}\right)}{m} \end{matrix} \right]$$

$\nabla V(\phi) \text{ const}$

$V(r, \theta)$



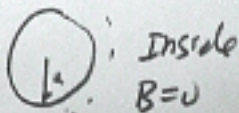
$$\nabla^2 V = \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left( r^2 \frac{\partial V}{\partial r} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left( \sin^2 \theta \frac{\partial V}{\partial \theta} \right) \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial \phi^2}$$

$$l(l+1) - \theta$$

$$R(r) = Ar^l + \frac{B}{r^{l+1}}$$



outside

$$A=0 \quad (V \rightarrow 0 \text{ at } \infty)$$

$$\theta(\theta) = P_l(\cos\theta)$$

$$x = \cos\theta$$

$$P_0(x) = 1$$

$$P_1(x) = x$$

⋮

$$V(r, \theta) = \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} \left( A r^l + \frac{B e}{r^l} \right) P_l(\cos\theta)$$

$$\textcircled{R} \leftarrow V_0(\theta)$$

$$V(r, \theta) = \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} \left( A_l r^l + \frac{B_l}{r^{l+1}} \right) P_l^e$$

$$\text{Inside} \Rightarrow B_l = 0$$

$$V(r, \theta)_{\text{inside}} = \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} A_l r^l P_l^e(\cos \theta)$$

$$V(R, \theta) = V_0(\theta)$$

$$V_0(\theta) = \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} A_l R^l P_l(\cos \theta)$$

$$\times \int_{\theta=0}^{\pi} P_{l'}(\cos \theta) d\theta$$

[sin  $\theta$  d $\theta$ ]

$$\frac{2}{2l'+1} \delta_{ll'}$$

$$= \frac{2}{2l'+1} A_{l'} R^{l'}$$

$$\sum_{l=0}^{\infty} A_l R^l = \int_0^{\pi} V_0(\theta) P_l(\cos\theta) \sin\theta d\theta$$

$\theta = \mu$

Eyeball/  
method


$$V_0(\theta) = R \sin^2\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)$$

$$\sin^2\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{2} (1 - \cos\theta)$$

$$V = \frac{R}{2} P_0(x) - \frac{R}{2} P_1(x)$$

2 terms:  $A_0 = \frac{R}{2R^0} = \frac{R}{2}$

$$A_1 = -\frac{R}{2R}$$


$$z = r \cos \theta$$

$$V(r, \theta) = \frac{A}{2} \left( 1 - \frac{z}{R} \right)$$

Do outside  
soln next  
time