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$$\vec{E} = \frac{kq}{[r_{ip}]^2} \hat{r}_{ip}$$

$$\vec{r}_i = 2\hat{x} - 8\hat{y}$$

$$\vec{r}_p = 3\hat{x} + 5\hat{y}$$

$$\vec{r}_{ip} = \vec{r}_p - \vec{r}_i = 1\hat{x} + 13\hat{y}$$

$$\vec{E} = \frac{8.99 \times 10^{-12} (1) (1\hat{x} + 13\hat{y})}{[1^2 + 13^2]^{3/2}} = 4.05\hat{x} + 52.9\hat{y} \frac{N}{C}$$

$$|\vec{E}| = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2} = 52.9 \frac{N}{C}$$

$$\vec{F} = q\vec{E} = 2 \times (4.05\hat{x} + 52.9\hat{y}) \times 10^{-6} \\ = 8 \times 10^{-6} \hat{x} + 1.05 \times 10^{-4} \hat{y} \text{ N}$$



$$\vec{r}_1 = -1\hat{x} + 0\hat{y} \quad \vec{r}_2 = 1\hat{x} + 0\hat{y}$$

$$\vec{r}_p = 0\hat{x} + 4\hat{y}$$

$$\vec{r}_{1p} = \vec{r}_p - \vec{r}_1 = 1\hat{x} + 4\hat{y}$$

$$\vec{r}_{2p} = \vec{r}_p - \vec{r}_2 = -1\hat{x} + 4\hat{y}$$

$$\vec{E} = 2 \times 8990 \left[ (-) \frac{1\hat{x} + 4\hat{y}}{[1^2 + 4^2]^{3/2}} + (+) \frac{-1\hat{x} + 4\hat{y}}{[1^2 + 4^2]^{3/2}} \right]$$

$$\vec{E} = \frac{4 \times 8990}{17^{3/2}} (-\hat{x}) = -1410 \frac{\hat{x}}{C} \text{ N}$$

$$\vec{p} = 2g_i \vec{r}_i$$

$$= -2\mu(0\hat{x} - 1\hat{x} + 0\hat{y})$$

$$+ 2\mu(1\hat{x} + 0\hat{y})$$

$$= 4\mu\hat{x} = 4 \times 10^{-6} \hat{x} \text{ cm}$$

$\longrightarrow \hat{x}$



$$\rho = \frac{5Q}{4\pi b^3} \left(\frac{r^2}{b^2}\right)$$

$$\vec{E} \parallel \vec{A}$$
$$|\vec{E}| \text{ const}$$

$$\oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{A} = \frac{Q_{\text{enc}}}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$Q_{\text{enc}} = \iiint \rho d^3r = 4\pi \int_0^r \rho r^2 dr$$

$$= 4\pi \left(\frac{5Q}{4\pi b^3}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{b^2} \int_0^r r^4 dr$$

$$= 4\pi \left(\frac{5Q}{4\pi b^5}\right) r^5$$

$$\Phi_E = \oiint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{A} = E(4\pi r^2)$$

$$E_{\text{inside}} = \frac{5Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0} r^3 \hat{r}$$



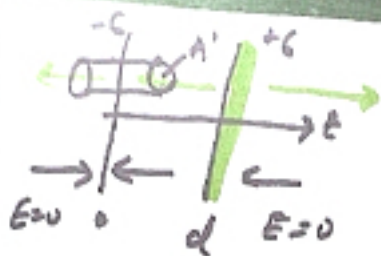
$$\vec{E} \parallel \vec{A}$$

$|\vec{E}|$  const

$$\oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{A} = \frac{Q_{\text{enc}}}{\epsilon_0} = \frac{Q}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$\Phi_E = \oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{A} = E(4\pi r^2)$$

$$\vec{E} = \frac{Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r^2} \hat{r}$$



$\Rightarrow$

$$\oint \vec{E} = \frac{Q_{enc}}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$\oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{A} = \frac{CA'}{\epsilon_0} \Rightarrow \vec{E} = \frac{CA'}{\epsilon_0} \hat{x}$$

$$\vec{E} = -\frac{CA'}{\epsilon_0} \hat{x}$$

$$\vec{E} = -\frac{2 \times 10^{-6}}{8.85 \times 10^{-12}} = -2.26 \times 10^5 \frac{N}{C} \hat{x}$$