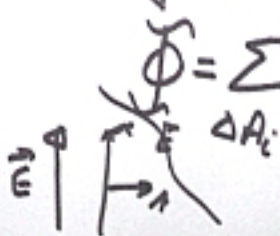


220 F17



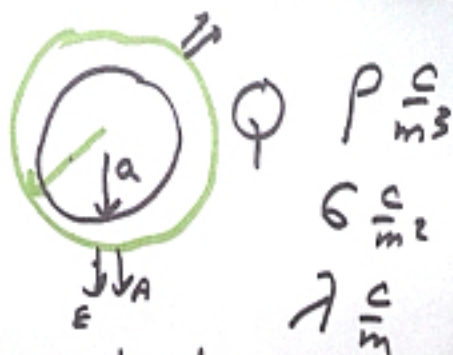
$$\Phi = \vec{E} \cdot \vec{A}$$

$$\Phi = \sum \vec{E}_i \cdot \Delta \vec{A}_i$$



$$\vec{E} \rightarrow \epsilon_0 EA \left[\frac{N}{C} \right] \cdot [m^2]$$

$$\Phi_E = \frac{Q_{enc}}{\epsilon_0}$$



outside

Choose GS $r > a$

Spherical GS

centered on Q

ON GS: $|\vec{E}|$ constant

ON GS: $\vec{E} \parallel \vec{A}$

$$\oint_{\mathcal{V}_e} \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{A}_i = \sum_{\Delta A_i} \vec{E}_i \cdot \Delta \vec{A}_i = \frac{Q_{enc}}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$= \sum_{\Delta A_i} E_i \Delta A_i$$

$$= E \sum_{\Delta A_i} \Delta A_i$$

$$= E (4\pi r^2) = \frac{Q}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$\vec{E}_{outside} = \frac{Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r^2} \hat{n}$$



$$\rho = \frac{Q}{\text{Volume}} = \frac{Q}{\frac{4}{3}\pi a^3}$$

$$Q_{\text{enc}} = \rho \cdot \text{Volume of}$$

$$= \frac{Q}{\frac{4}{3}\pi a^3} \left(\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 \right)$$

$$= Q \left(\frac{r^3}{a^3} \right)$$

$$\oint \vec{E} = \frac{Q_{enc}}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$\oint \vec{E} = \sum_{\Delta A_i} \vec{E}_i \cdot \Delta \vec{A}_i$$

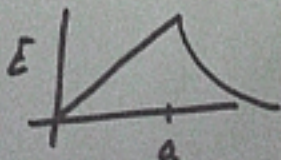
$$= \sum_{\Delta A_i} E_i \Delta A_i$$

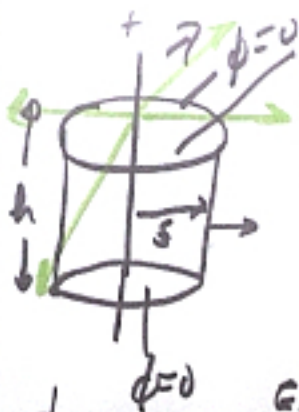
$$= E \sum_{\Delta A_i} \Delta A_i$$

$$= E(4\pi r^2)$$

$$E(4\pi r^2) = \frac{Q}{\epsilon_0} \left(\frac{r^3}{a^3} \right)$$

$$\vec{E} = \frac{Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{r}{a^3} \hat{r}$$





ON GS:

LSA: $|\vec{E}|$ uniform

$$\vec{E} \parallel \vec{A}$$

EN DS: ~~$|\vec{E}|$ uniform~~

$$\vec{E} \perp \vec{A}$$

$$\Phi = \underbrace{\Phi}_{\text{LSA}} + \underbrace{\Phi}_{\text{EN DS}} = 0$$

$$= \sum_{\Delta A_i} \vec{E}_i \cdot \Delta \vec{A}_i = \sum_{\Delta A_i} E_i \Delta A_i$$

$$\begin{aligned} \phi &= E \sum \Delta A_i \\ &= E (2\pi s h) \end{aligned}$$



$$\oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{A} = Q_{enc}$$

$$E \cdot \cancel{2\pi r h} = \lambda \cdot \cancel{2\pi r h} \epsilon_0$$

$$\vec{E} \perp \vec{A}$$

$$\oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{A} = \oint_{LSA} \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{A} + \oint_{ENDS} \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{A} = 0$$

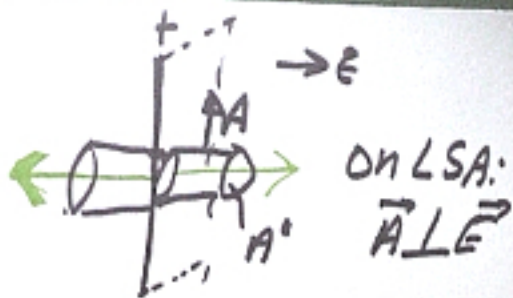
$$= \sum_{\Delta A_i} \vec{E}_i \cdot \Delta \vec{A}_i = \sum_{\Delta A_i} E_i \Delta A_i$$

$$= E(2\pi r h)$$

$$Q_{enc} = \lambda R$$

$$E(2\pi r h) = \frac{\lambda h}{\epsilon_0}$$

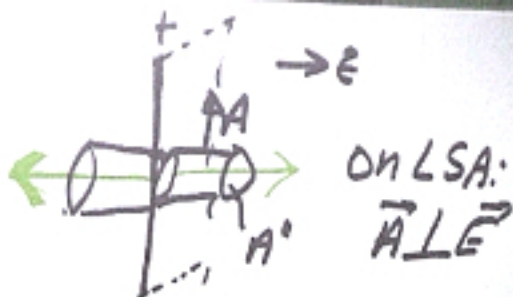
$$\vec{E} = \frac{\lambda}{2\pi \epsilon_0 r} \hat{s}$$



ON ENDS:
 $\vec{E} \parallel \vec{A}$
 $|\vec{E}|$ constant

$$\oint \vec{E} = \frac{Q_{enc}}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \oint \vec{E} &= \sum_{\text{ENDS}} \vec{E}_i \cdot \Delta \vec{A}_i + \sum_{\text{LSA}} \vec{E}_i \cdot \Delta \vec{A}_i \\ &= \sum_{\text{ENDS}} E_i \Delta A_i = EA' \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$$



ON ENDS:
 $\vec{E} \parallel \vec{A}$
 $|\vec{E}|$ constant

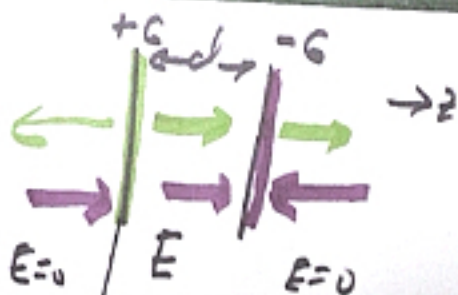
$$\oint \vec{E} = \frac{Q_{enc}}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \oint \vec{E} &= \sum_{\Delta A_i} \vec{E}_i \cdot \Delta \vec{A}_i + \sum_{\Delta A_i} \vec{E}_i \cdot \Delta \vec{A}_i \\ &= \sum_{\Delta A_i} E_i \Delta A_i = EA' \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$Q_{enc} = \rho A' L$$

$$2EA' = \frac{\rho A' L}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$\vec{E} = \frac{\rho}{\epsilon_0} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \hat{z}; z > 0 \\ -\hat{z}; z < 0 \end{array} \right\}$$



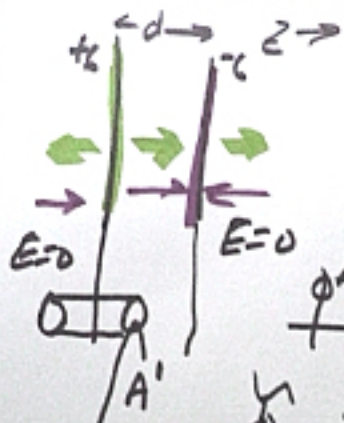
$$\Phi = EA'$$

$$Q_{enc} = \sigma A'$$

$$\Rightarrow EA' = \frac{\sigma A'}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$\vec{E} = \frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0} \hat{z}$$

$E=0$
 if $z > d$
 < 0



$$\phi = \frac{Q_{enc}}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$\oint \vec{E} \cdot \vec{A} = 0$$

$$\oint \vec{E} \cdot \vec{A} = \sum \vec{E}_i \cdot \Delta \vec{A}_i$$

$$= E(A')$$

$$Q_{enc} = \sigma A'$$

$$EA' = \frac{\sigma A'}{\epsilon_0} \Rightarrow \vec{E} = \frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0} \hat{e}$$

(inside)