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$$\vec{r}_1 = 2\hat{x} + 3\hat{y}$$

$$\vec{r}_2 = \vec{r}_p = 1\hat{x} + 5\hat{y}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{r}_{ip} &= \vec{r}_p - \vec{r}_1 = (1-2)\hat{x} + (5-3)\hat{y} \\ &= -1\hat{x} + 2\hat{y}\end{aligned}$$

$$|\vec{r}_{ip}| = \sqrt{(-1)^2 + 2^2} = \sqrt{5} = 2.24$$

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{F}_{2 \rightarrow p_1} &= k \frac{q_1 q_2}{r_{ip}^3} \vec{r}_{ip} \frac{\vec{r}_{ip}}{|\vec{r}_{ip}|} \\ &= \frac{k \vec{r}_{ip}}{r_{ip}^{3/2}}\end{aligned}$$

\vec{F}_{pip}

$\vec{E}?$

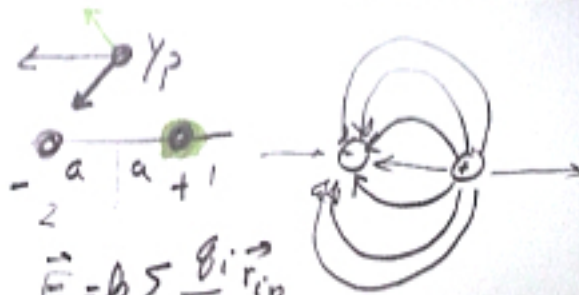
$$\vec{E} = \frac{\vec{F}_p}{q_p} \left(\frac{N}{C} \right)$$

$$\vec{F} = q_p \vec{E}_p$$

$$\vec{E}_p = k \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{q_i \vec{r}_{ip}}{r_{ip}^2}$$

$$= k \sum \frac{q_i \vec{r}_{ip}}{|r_{ip}|^2}$$

$$= k \sum \frac{q_i \hat{r}_{ip}}{r_{ip}^2}$$



$$\vec{E}_p = k \sum \frac{q_i \vec{r}_{ip}}{r_{ip}^2}$$

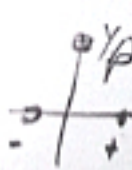
$$\vec{r}_1 = a\hat{x} + 0\hat{y}$$

$$\vec{r}_2 = -a\hat{x} + 0\hat{y}$$

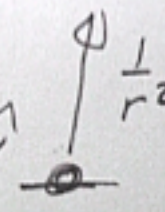
$$\vec{r}_p = 0\hat{x} + y_p\hat{y}$$

$$\vec{r}_{1p} = \vec{r}_p - \vec{r}_1 = -a\hat{x} + y_p\hat{y}$$

$$\vec{r}_{2p} = \vec{r}_p - \vec{r}_2 = a\hat{x} + y_p\hat{y}$$

$$\vec{E}_p = \frac{-2kqa}{[y_p^2 + a^2]^{3/2}} \hat{x}$$


∴ R/S ∴ $\frac{1}{r^2}$

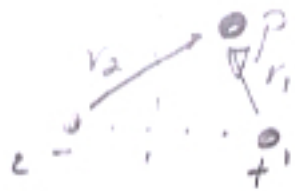
$$\vec{E}_p = \frac{-2kqa}{|y_p|^3} \hat{x}$$


$$\vec{p} = \sum_{i=1}^n q_i \vec{r}_i$$

$\vec{r}_1 = a\hat{x}$ $q_1 = +$
 $\vec{r}_2 = -a\hat{x}$ $q_2 = -$

$$\vec{p} = (+q)(a\hat{x}) + (-q)(-a\hat{x})$$

$$\vec{p} = 2qa\hat{x} \quad \vec{E} = \frac{-\vec{p}}{|y_p|^3}$$



$$\vec{r}_p = x_p \hat{x} + y_p \hat{y}$$

$$\vec{r}_i = a \hat{x} + 0 \hat{y} \quad \vec{E}_p = kq \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{\vec{r}_{ip}}{r_{ip}^3}$$

$$\vec{r}_2 = -a \hat{x} + 0 \hat{y}$$

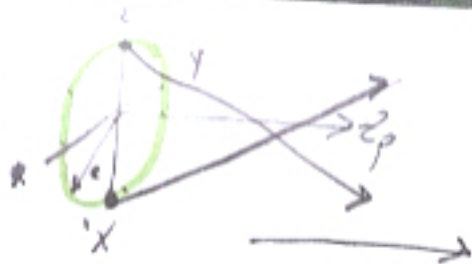
$$\vec{r}_{ip} = \vec{r}_p - \vec{r}_i = (x_p - a) \hat{x} + y_p \hat{y}$$

$$\vec{r}_{2p} = \vec{r}_p - \vec{r}_2 = (x_p + a) \hat{x} + y_p \hat{y}$$

$$\vec{E}_p = kq \left[(+) \frac{\vec{r}_{ip}}{r_{ip}^3} + (-) \frac{\vec{r}_{2p}}{r_{2p}^3} \right]$$

$$= kq \left[(+) \frac{(x_p - a) \hat{x} + y_p \hat{y}}{[(x_p - a)^2 + y_p^2]^{3/2}} + \right.$$

$$\left. (-) \frac{(x_p + a) \hat{x} + y_p \hat{y}}{[(x_p + a)^2 + y_p^2]^{3/2}} \right]$$



$$\varphi: \lambda = \frac{Q}{2\pi a}$$

$$r_1 = a\hat{x} + 0\hat{y} \quad \vec{r}_p = z_p\hat{z}$$

$$r_2 = -a\hat{x} + 0\hat{y}$$

$$E = k(\lambda) \cdot \left[\frac{z_p\hat{z} - a\hat{x}}{[a^2 + z_p^2]^{3/2}} + \frac{z_p\hat{z} + a\hat{x}}{[a^2 + z_p^2]^{3/2}} \right]$$

$$\vec{E} = \frac{kQz_p\hat{z}}{z_p^3}$$

$$\vec{E}_p = \frac{kQz_p\hat{z}}{[0^2 + z_p^2]^{3/2}}$$

$$\vec{E} = \frac{kQz_p\hat{z}}{z_p^3}$$